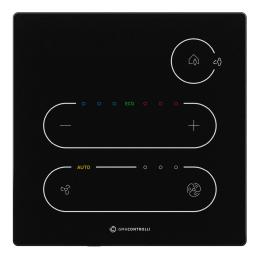


# **Touch Point**

**User Manual** 

# **Hardware**









iSMA CONTROLLI S.p.A. - Via Carlo Levi 52, 16010 Sant'Olcese (GE) - Italy | support@ismacontrolli.com



### **Table of Contents**

1	Introduction	3
1.1	Revision History	3
2	Safety Rules	4
3	Technical Specification	5
4	Hardware Specification	7
4.1	Panel Versions	7
4.1.1	Touch Point Series	7
4.1.2	Touch Point VAV Series	8
4.1.3	Touch Point Network Sensor Series	9
4.2	Dimensions [mm]	10
4.3	Touch Panel	10
4.3.1	LEDs	12
4.3.2	LED Modes	12
4.4	Buzzer	12
4.5	CO2 Sensor	13
4.6	Power Supply	13
4.6.1	DC Power Supply Connection	13
4.6.2	AC Power Supply Connection	14
4.6.3	RJ45 Power Supply Connection	14
4.7	Communication	14
4.7.1	RS485 Connection	15
4.7.2	RS485 Network Termination	15
4.7.3	USB Connection	
4.8	DIP Switch	16
4.8.1	Restoring Default Settings	16
4.8.2	Selecting Communication Protocol	17
4.8.3	RS485 Network Termination	18
4.9	Rotary Switch	18
4.9.1	Setting Device Address	18
5	Mounting and Installation	19
5.1	Mounting Without a Back Box	19
5.2	Mounting With a Back Box	19

#### 1 Introduction

The Touch Point is a modern comfort management wall panel with two most popular open communication protocols: Modbus RTU/ASCII and BACnet MS/TP. The Touch Point is available in three lines:

- Touch Point series:
  - with or without a display,
  - with occupancy, setpoint control, and fan control buttons,
  - with LED indicators,
  - available in different configurations of sensors (temperature, CO<sub>2</sub>, and humidity),
  - available in different configurations of colors (black or white);
- Touch Point VAV series:
  - with a display,
  - with occupancy and setpoint control buttons,
  - with LED indicators,
  - available in different configurations of sensors (temperature, CO<sub>2</sub>, and humidity),
  - available in different configurations of colors (black or white);
- Touch Point Network Sensor series:
  - glass front without a display and buttons,
  - one navigation LED,
  - available in different configurations of sensors (temperature, CO<sub>2</sub>, and humidity),
  - available in different configurations of colors (black or white).

The panels can be configured using the iSMA Configurator software or Modbus registers/BACnet objects. It fits most of standard junction boxes in Europe and can easily be installed using a wall back box.

### 1.1 Revision History

Date	Rev.	Description
18 Jun 2025	1.5	CO <sub>2</sub> sensor calibration information added
30 Jan 2025	1.4	New panel versions added: Touch Point Network Sensor series
18 Jul 2024	1.3	Auto-calibration information added
4 May 2023	1.2	<ul> <li>New panel versions added: Touch Point VAV series</li> <li>Power consumption data added</li> <li>Temperature sensor range added</li> <li>Editorial corrections</li> </ul>
25 May 2022	1.1	Editorial corrections
20 Apr 2022	1.0	First edition

Table 1. Revision history

### **2 Safety Rules**

- Improper wiring of the product can damage it and lead to other hazards. Make sure that the product has been correctly wired before turning the power on.
- Before wiring or removing/mounting the product, make sure to turn the power off. Failure to do so might cause an electric shock.
- Do not touch electrically charged parts such as power terminals. Doing so might cause an electric shock.
- Do not disassemble the product. Doing so might cause an electric shock or faulty operation.
- Use the product only within the operating ranges recommended in the specification (temperature, humidity, voltage, shock, mounting direction, atmosphere, etc.). Failure to do so might cause a fire or faulty operation.
- Firmly tighten the wires to the terminal. Failure to do so might cause a fire.
- Avoid installing the product in close proximity to high-power electrical devices and cables, inductive loads, and switching devices. Proximity of such objects may cause an uncontrolled interference, resulting in an instable operation of the product.
- Proper arrangement of the power and signal cabling affects the operation of the entire control system. Avoid laying the power and signal wiring in parallel cable trays. It can cause interferences in monitored and control signals.
- It is recommended to power controllers/modules with AC/DC power suppliers. They
  provide better and more stable insulation for devices compared to AC/AC transformer
  systems, which transmit disturbances and transient phenomena like surges and bursts
  to devices. They also isolate products from inductive phenomena from other
  transformers and loads.
- Power supply systems for the product should be protected by external devices limiting overvoltage and effects of lightning discharges.
- Avoid powering the product and its controlled/monitored devices, especially high power and inductive loads, from a single power source. Powering devices from a single power source causes a risk of introducing disturbances from the loads to the control devices.
- If an AC/AC transformer is used to supply control devices, it is strongly recommended to use a maximum 100 VA Class 2 transformer to avoid unwanted inductive effects, which are dangerous for devices.
- Long monitoring and control lines may cause loops in connection with the shared power supply, causing disturbances in the operation of devices, including external communication. It is recommended to use galvanic separators.
- To protect signal and communication lines against external electromagnetic interferences, use properly grounded shielded cables and ferrite beads.
- Switching the digital output relays of large (exceeding specification) inductive loads can cause interference pulses to the electronics installed inside the product. Therefore, it is recommended to use external relays/contactors, etc. to switch such loads. The use of controllers with triac outputs also limits similar overvoltage phenomena.

## **3 Technical Specification**

Power Supply	DC	20-34 V				
Зирріу	AC	24 V ± 20%				
	Power consumption	0.5 W at 24 V DC, 0.75 VA at 24 V AC - up too 1 W peaks in max. configuration				
Built-in Sensors	Temperature sensor	10k NTC type, range: 0-50°C, accuracy: ± 0.5°C, resolution: ± 0.1°C				
	Humidity sensor (applies to versions with humidity sensor)	Range: 0-100% RH, accuracy: ± 2% RH in range 10-90% RH, resolution: ± 0.1% RH				
	CO <sub>2</sub> sensor (applies to versions with CO <sub>2</sub> sensor)	Range: 400-4000 ppm, accuracy: ± 30 ppm				
СОМ1	RS485 interface	Up to 128 devices				
		Half-duplex				
	Communication protocols	Modbus RTU/ASCII, BACnet MS/TP				
	Ports	2 RJ45, screw connector				
	Baud rate	2400-115200				
Front Panel	Surface	White/black glass				
	Display (applies to version with display)	TFT 0.96"				
	Backlight (does not apply to the Touch Point Network Sensor series)	3 intensity modes				
	Buttons (does not apply to the Touch Point Network Sensor series)	5 (Touch Point series) / 3 (Touch Point VAV series)				
	LED (does not apply to the Touch Point Network Sensor series)	3 blue and 3 red for temperature				
	Former vetwork serial of series)	3 white for fan (only the Touch Point series)				
		1 white for occupancy				
	LED (all series)	1 configurable RGB				
Ingress Protection	IP rating	IP20 for indoor installation				
Temperatur e	Operating	From 0°C to +40°C				

	Storage	From -40°C to +70°C
Humidity	Relative	From 5% to 95% RH (without condensation)
Screw Connector	Туре	Removable screw terminals
	Maximum cable size	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (2416 AWG)
Housing	Material	Plastic, self-extinguishing ABS
	Mounting	Standard 60 mm wall back box
Dimensions	Metric	86.00x86.00x14.50 mm
	Inches	3.39x3.39x0.57 in

Table 2. Technical specification

### **4 Hardware Specification**

This section outlines all details regarding hardware specification of the Touch Point panel.

#### 4.1 Panel Versions

#### 4.1.1 Touch Point Series





Figure 1. TP-DISP-B

Figure 2. TP-B

Touch Point series - basic line of the Touch Point panels:

- · with or without a display,
- · with occupancy, setpoint control, and fan control buttons,
- with LED indicators,
- available in different configurations of sensors (temperature, CO<sub>2</sub>, and humidity),
- available in different configurations of colors (black or white).

Model	Panel Code	:	Sensors			play	Color	
		Temperature	Humidity	CO <sub>2</sub>	Yes	No	Black	White
Touch Point	TP-B	~				<b>~</b>	~	
	TP-W	~				~		$\overline{\checkmark}$
	TP-H-B	<u>~</u>	<b>~</b>			~	~	
	TP-H-W	~	<b>&gt;</b>			~		<b>&gt;</b>
	TP-C-B	<u>~</u>		~		~	~	
	TP-C-W	✓		~		~		<b>✓</b>
	TP-HC-B	✓	~	~		~	~	
	TP-HC-W	~	<b>&gt;</b>	~		<b>~</b>		<b>&gt;</b>
	TP-DISP-B	~			<b>~</b>		~	

TP-DISP-W	~			<b>~</b>		~
TP-H-DISP-B	✓	<b>&gt;</b>		~	~	
TP-H-DISP-W	✓	<b>&gt;</b>		~		<b>&gt;</b>
TP-C-DISP-B	✓		<b>✓</b>	<b>~</b>	~	
TP-C-DISP-W	~		<u>~</u>	<b>~</b>		>
TP-HC-DISP-B	~	<b>&gt;</b>	<b>✓</b>	~	~	
TP-HC-DISP-W	~	<b>&gt;</b>	<u>~</u>	<b>~</b>		>

Table 3. Touch Point panel models

### **4.1.2 Touch Point VAV Series**



Figure 3. TP-VAV-DISP-B

Touch Point VAV series - line of the Touch Point panels with no fan control buttons:

- with a display,
- with occupancy and setpoint control buttons,
- · with LED indicators,
- available in different configurations of sensors (temperature, CO<sub>2</sub>, and humidity),
- available in different configurations of colors (black or white).

Model	Panel Code	Sensors			Dis	olay	Co	olor
		Temperature	Humidity	CO <sub>2</sub>	Yes	No	Black	White
Touch Point	TP-VAV-DISP-B	~			~		~	
VAV	TP-VAV-DISP-W	✓			~			<b>✓</b>
	TP-VAV-H-DISP-B	~	<b>&gt;</b>		~		~	_



TP-VAV-H-DISP-W	~	~		<b>~</b>		~
TP-VAV-C-DISP-B	✓		<b>✓</b>	<b>&gt;</b>	~	
TP-VAV-C-DISP-W	✓		~	<b>&gt;</b>		~
TP-VAV-HC-DISP-B	✓	~	~	<b>&gt;</b>	~	
TP-VAV-HC-DISP-W	~	<b>&gt;</b>	<u>~</u>	<b>&gt;</b>		<b>&gt;</b>

Table 4. Touch Point VAV panel models

#### 4.1.3 Touch Point Network Sensor Series



Figure 4. TP-NS-B

Touch Point Network Sensor series - line of the Touch Point multisensor panels:

- glass front without a display and buttons,
- one navigation LED,
- available in different configurations of sensors (temperature, CO<sub>2</sub>, and humidity),
- available in different configurations of colors (black or white).

Model	Panel Code		Sensors			lor
		Temperature	Humidity	CO <sub>2</sub>	Black	White
Touch Point	TP-NS-B	<b>▽</b>			~	
Network Sensor	TP-NS-W	<b>✓</b>				~
	TP-NS-H-B	<b>▽</b>	<b>S</b>		~	
	TP-NS-H-W	<b>▽</b>	<b>S</b>			~
	TP-NS-C-B	<b>▽</b>		~	~	
	TP-NS-C-W	~		~		~

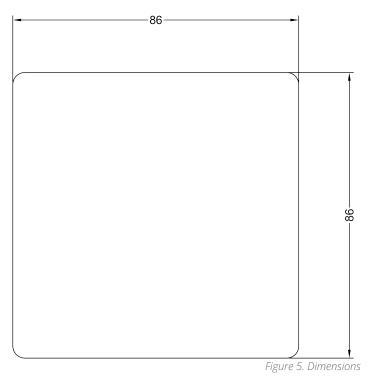
	TP-NS-HC-B	~	<b>S</b>	<b>&gt;</b>	~	
	TP-NS-HC-W	~	~	<b>&gt;</b>		~

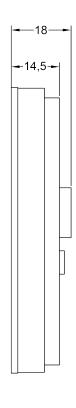
Table 5. Touch Point Network Sensor panel models

#### Legend:

- H a version with temperature and humidity sensors
- C a version with temperature and CO<sub>2</sub> sensors
- HC a version with temperature, humidity, and CO<sub>2</sub> sensors
- B black version
- · W white version

### 4.2 Dimensions [mm]





#### 4.3 Touch Panel

#### Warning!

This section does not apply to the Touch Point Network Sensor series, which is not equipped with a touch panel and LEDs.

The only exception is the navigation LED, which works in all Touch Point series.

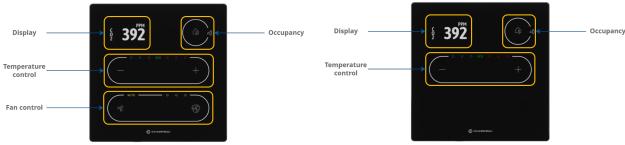


Figure 6. Touch Point series

- Figure 7. Touch Point VAV series
- 5 buttons for occupancy, temperature (-/+), and fan (small fan/big fan icons only the Touch Point series) control;
- 3 blue and 3 red LEDs for temperature signalization;
- 3 white LEDs for fan signalization (only the Touch Point series);
- 1 white LED for fan auto mode signalization (only the Touch Point series).

#### **Auto-calibration**

Touch buttons are cyclically auto-calibrated. During the process, buttons are not responsive; in such case, wait a few seconds and press the button again.

The LCD display shows following information:

- temperature setpoint or offset (after pushing a + or button, according to configuration);
- · temperature current value with unit;
- · humidity current value with unit (optionally);
- CO<sub>2</sub> current value with unit (optionally).

Note: Currently displayed parameters change with a frequency set in the 40217 register.

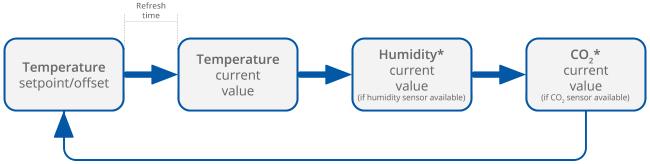


Figure 8. Display sequence

#### 4.3.1 LEDs

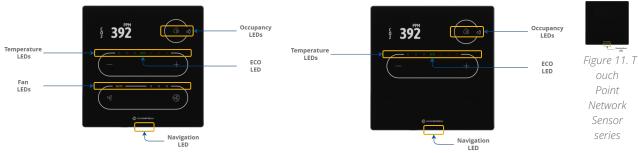


Figure 9. Touch Point series

Figure 10. Touch Point VAV series

The panel is equipped with:

- 2 white LEDs for signalizing occupancy status;
- 3 blue and 3 red LEDs for temperature signalization (cooling or heating);
- · 4 white LEDs for fan modes indication (only the Touch Point series);
- 1 ECO LED;
- 1 navigation LED to localize the panel in the dark.

#### 4.3.2 LED Modes

The Touch Point panel works in 3 modes of LED lighting intensity:

- active: the LED lighting mode after any button on the screen has been touched;
- idle: the LED lighting mode after a time set from a last button has been touched;
- standby: the LED lighting mode after a time set from going into the idle mode.

All lighting intensity values in these three different modes can be set in the 40207-40216 Modbus registers.

#### 4.4 Buzzer

The Touch Point panel is equipped with a buzzer, which informs about a detected touch with a short sound.

The buzzer also provides a  $CO_2$  alarm function, which emits sounds once the  $CO_2$  level exceeds a set alarm value. The alarm can be confirmed and muted by pressing any button.

Please note that in the Touch Point Network Sensor series, the  $CO_2$  alarm is not active by default.

The buzzer may be activated or deactivated using the DEVICE\_CONFIGURATION register/object (bit 0, BUZZER).

Register Value	Description
0	Buzzer deactivated
1	Buzzer activated

Table 6. The BUZZER values



By default, the buzzer is active.

#### 4.5 CO2 Sensor

#### **Note**

Applicable to Touch Point panels equipped with the  $CO_2$  sensor (marked -C- in the product code).

Touch Point panels equipped with a CO₂ sensor are provided with an automatic sensor calibration system.

Calibration takes place during a first startup of the panel and continues for a period of 7 days. A continuous power supply must be ensured throughout the entire calibration period. In the event of a power outage, the calibration process will be interrupted and will automatically restart once the panel is powered up again.

The panels are also equipped with a continuous self-calibration system that constantly verifies the  $CO_2$  measurement setting.

Proper calibration requires that room ventilation meets applicable standards. If adequate ventilation is not available, this requirement can be met by ventilating the room for at least one hour per day.

- Lack of fresh air: If the sensor is placed in a constantly occupied or poorly ventilated space, it may not be exposed to a true fresh air level. In such cases, the sensor may incorrectly establish a higher baseline level, resulting in consistently low readings.
- Manual calibration: Manual calibration of the CO<sub>2</sub> sensor is possible by applying a numeric offset (positive or negative). A reliable reference sensor can be used to calibrate the sensor offset accurately.

### 4.6 Power Supply

### **4.6.1 DC Power Supply Connection**

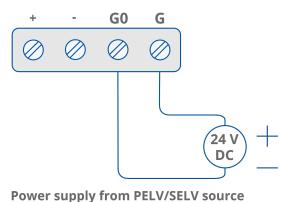


Figure 12. DC power supply connection

### 4.6.2 AC Power Supply Connection

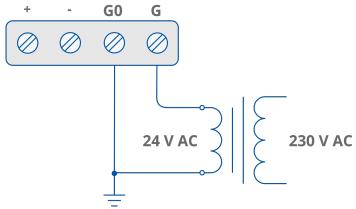


Figure 13. AC power supply connection

### 4.6.3 RJ45 Power Supply Connection

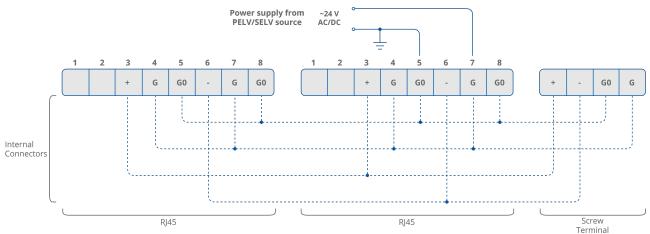


Figure 14. RJ45 power supply connection

#### 4.7 Communication

The Touch Point panel supports Modbus RTU/ASCII and BACnet MS/TP communication protocols, using 2 RJ45 sockets and a screw terminal. The panel has one USB type C (USB 2.0) port for communication with the iSMA Configurator and FCU Updater software.

**Note:** A communication protocol is selected by setting a second switch on the DIP switch on the back of the panel:

- Off: Modbus RTU/ASCII (default);
- On: BACnet MS/TP.

#### 4.7.1 RS485 Connection



Figure 15. RJ45 connectors

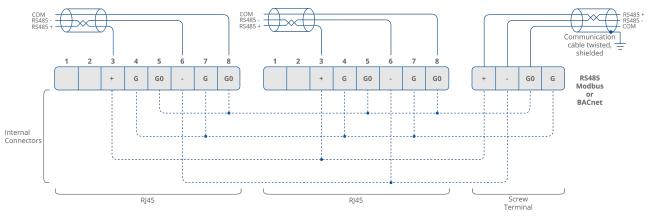


Figure 16. RS485 connection

#### 4.7.2 RS485 Network Termination

Transmission line effects often present a problem for data communication networks. These problems include reflections and signal attenuation. To eliminate the presence of reflections of signal from the end of the cable, the cable must be terminated at both ends with a resistor across the line adequate to its characteristic impedance. Both ends must be terminated since the propagation is bidirectional. In case of an RS485 twisted pair cable this termination is typically  $120\ \Omega$ .

**Note:** A termination resistor can be added with a third switch on the DIP switch on the back of the panel:

- Off: termination resistor disconnected (default);
- On: termination resistor added.

#### 4.7.3 USB Connection

The USB port is used to communicate with product software, such as the iSMA Configurator or FCU Updater, for configuration and firmware updates. The USB port provides 5 V DC power supply.

#### 4.8 DIP Switch

The Touch Point panel is equipped with a 3-position DIP switch. Each of three sections has a separate function:

- the first switch allows for restoring default settings;
- the second switch allows for selecting a communication protocol;
- and the third switch allows for the RS485 network termination.

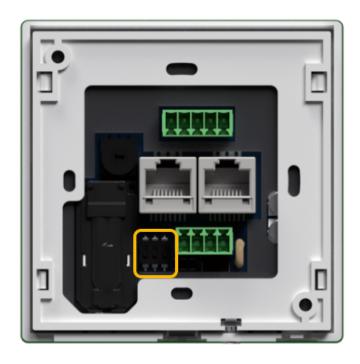


Figure 17. DIP switch location

### **4.8.1 Restoring Default Settings**

The first switch provides a possibility to restore default settings in the panel. In order to do so, follow the steps below:



Figure 18. Restoring default settings

- · Turn off the power supply;
- · set the first switch to on;
- turn on the power supply;
- wait until 5 seconds pass;
- · set the first switch to off.

### **Default Settings**

Variable	Default Value
Baud rate	115200
Stop bits	1
Data bits	8
Parity bits	None
Protocol	Modbus RTU
Modbus address	1
Replay delay	None

Table 7. Default values

### **4.8.2 Selecting Communication Protocol**

The second switch selects between the available communication protocols, Modbus RTU/ ASCII or BACnet MS/TP:

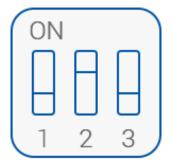


Figure 19. Selecting communication protocol

- Off: Modbus RTU/ASCII (default);
- · On: BACnet MS/TP.

#### 4.8.3 RS485 Network Termination

The third switch adds or disconnects a termination resistor to the RS485 network:

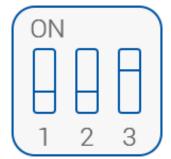


Figure 20. Adding a termination resistor

- Off: termination resistor disconnected (default);
- On: termination resistor added (120  $\Omega$ ).

### 4.9 Rotary Switch

### 4.9.1 Setting Device Address



Figure 21. Rotary switch location

The Touch Point panel is equipped with a rotary switch, which allows for setting a Modbus address in a range from 0 to 9. If the switch is set to 0, the address is read from the ADDRESS register/object (decimal address: 22).

### **5** Mounting and Installation

### **5.1 Mounting Without a Back Box**

It is possible to mount the Touch Point panel without a back box in walls where a square hole of at least  $51 \times 51$  mm can be cut directly in the wall. Then, it is required to securely install the installation screws in the wall in the position of the installation holes on the frame.

### 5.2 Mounting With a Back Box

For other cases, it is recommended to follow the below steps of installation with a wall back box.

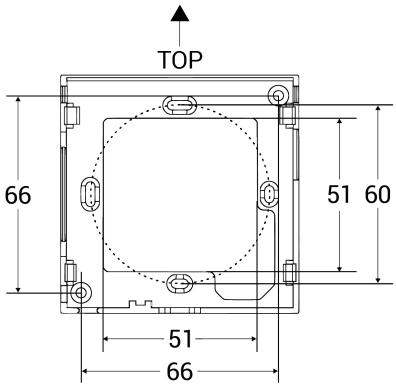


Figure 22. The back box of the panel – junction box fittings

**Step 1:** Fit the back box to the junction box.

**Step 2:** Fit the panel to the back box, starting from up corners. Make sure the USB port is headed downwards. Make sure that the screw is flush with a mounting frame.

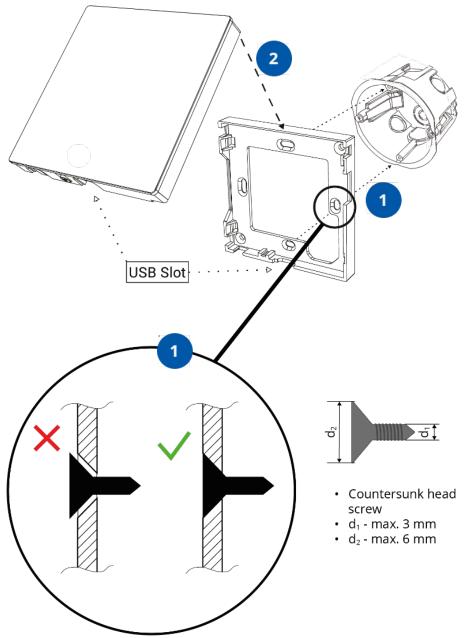


Figure 23. Fitting the junction box, back box, and the panel

Step 3: Gently push in the bottom corners of the panel to the back box.

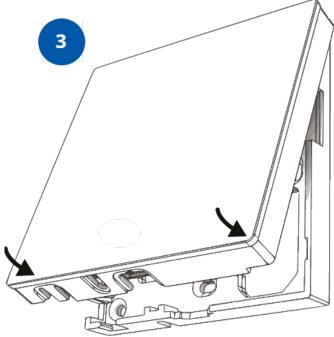


Figure 24. Fitting down corners in the back box

**Step 4:** Screw the panel to the back box. Turn the screw clockwise.

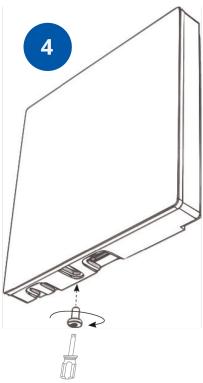


Figure 25. Screw the panel to the back box

#### Warning!

- Please ensure that any of the construction materials (for example, wall insulation, wall infill, wool, etc.) does not come into contact with the PCB board and cause any pressure on it.
- Please ensure that no pressure is exerted on the RJ45 cable that could push the board out of place.

• Please make sure that the mounting surface is flat and has no irregularities which could cause a housing distortion or glass sticking out.

